MIDDLE SCHOOL ART EDUCATION

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The art education experiences available to the middle school student are as unique and diverse as the students themselves. Middle school is a period of exploration in applying knowledge and skills acquired in elementary school, experiencing new studio processes and engaging in thoughtful discussions about art while preparing for more sophisticated experiences in later years.

At the middle school level each student is encouraged to develop skills and knowledge about art, powers of observation, perceptual and analytical skills, creativity, technical skills and problem-solving abilities. Through interactive experiences the student becomes aware of how visual artists record their culture and reflect history while their artwork remains as unique as the individual human experience. From charcoal drawings on cave walls to computer animated imagery, art has been a part of daily life since the beginning of recorded time. Within each middle school course, students are encouraged to make connections to studies in other curricular areas and understand the relationships between art and society, as well as increase their awareness of art in their personal life.

Middle school art classes meet every day for nine consecutive weeks compared to one period a week in the elementary program. The daily contact time exposes the student to art as a subject area instead of a weekly experience. Thematic and media-oriented courses are offered, beginning with a sixth grade exploratory art class. Courses such as *Design in Nature* and *Art in The Environment* are elective courses for seventh and eighth graders who prefer to experience a variety of media with a thematic focus. These courses are designed to correlate with other curricular areas for an interdisciplinary experience. Media-oriented elective courses such as *Ceramics and Sculpture*, *Applied Arts*, *Drawing and Printmaking* or *Painting and Composition* provide opportunities to work with specific media.

The courses indicated on the following pages provide a framework for the student to develop a well-rounded education in art. Presently, all students are required to take a nine week, sixth grade *Exploratory Art* Course, while the remaining courses are available on an elective basis. In order to demonstrate mastery of the State Core Curriculum Requirements and District Exit Outcomes, it is highly recommended that each student continue to be involved in arts education and have varied creative and aesthetic opportunities throughout their K-12 experience.

Course Name: **701 Exploratory Art**Length of Course: nine weeks
Grade Offered: 6th

This class builds upon the foundation provided in the elementary art program. Students will have opportunities to expand their understanding of art concepts and processes, providing direction for future art experiences. Assignments will focus on learning how artists throughout time have expressed ideas, values and beliefs, discovering ideas for personal expressions and on developing the confidence to express their imagination. Experiences in drawing, painting, sculpture and/or ceramics will be selected.

I. COMPONENT: HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS

	Exploratory Art OUTCOMES			
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
		 Recognize and explain the significance of selected artworks. 	 Generate questions to ask artists that would help determine facts about processes, special training, meaning, etc., e.g., I would ask the carvers of the Northwest totems Observe and identify specific works of art and explain their significance. 	Explain he significance of selected artworks in written or oral form.
ARTISTS IN CULTURE AND SOCIETY		 Identify specific works of art as belonging to a particular culture or era based on visual characteristics. 	 Observe artworks from different cultures and eras to determine what subjects and themes seem to be universal. "Read" artwork from another era to see how artists have recorded the interests of people of that time and place. 	 Observe and discuss or write about the relationships between reproductions of art from different cultures and eras. Organize a variety of works in a general relationship to one another based on their visual characteristics.
	Explain relationships between the values and beliefs of a society and the artworks created.		 Observe various works of art and identify different symbols and the meaning conveyed. Discuss relationships between cultural values and beliefs in artwork when applicable. Use own artwork to explain personal beliefs and values in relation to today's society. 	Cite examples orally or in writing of how the values and beliefs of a society are related to the artworks created.

See Appendix I for related instructional resources.

I. COMPONENT: HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS (continued)

CONTENT	Exploratory Art OUTCOMES				
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT	
		Focus on Attainment	 Explain how art is a record of human achievements and commonalities. Make connections between art and other subject areas, e.g., social studies, science, mathematics. Discuss changes that occur regarding the value of a medium/style over time (watercolor and pastel used to be only for sketching, not finished works). Discuss how archaeologists and historians authenticate and date discoveries Generate list of art related careers which require and/or benefit from artistic skills, (archaeologist, filmmaker, set designer, museum curator, etc.) and explain why art skills are needed. Identify people in the community who create art products. Model the task of a designer or illustrator in the creation of artwork. 		
		Identify aesthetic personal experiences with objects, events or environments from society.	 Explain that an individual's response is based upon prior knowledge and experiences. Discuss individual perceptions. 	 Talk/write about aesthetic experiences which influence them from a personal perspective. Talk/write about aesthetic experiences from an aesthetic stance other than their own. 	

COMPENSE	Exploratory Art OUTCOMES			CAMPLE
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
DESIGN CONCEPTS	Identify how different artists have varied and used the elements of art and principles of organization to create their personal style.	• Selectively use the elements of art and principles of organization in the creation of personal works of art.	 Demonstrate variations of the elements of art and principles of organization to express an idea in visual form. Work from previously made sketches, still lifes, natural objects or landscapes visible from the classroom to create personal works of art. Identify differences and similarities between cultures, artists and their use of design concepts. 	 Use the elements of art and principles of organization in the creation of personal works of art. Observe and identify how different artists have varied and used the elements of art and principles of organization to create their personal style.
MEDIA SKILLS AND PROCESSES	Analyze the results of explorations with media and processes to utilize their expressive possibilities and limitations in the production of artwork.	 Use different art mediums and processes to create two-dimensional and three-dimensional artworks. Produce artwork that shows patience, care and pride. 	 Explore and experiment with different art mediums to gain control of the medium. Use different tools and materials to acquire and refine skills. Explore and experiment with different art mediums to discover possibilities and limitations. Select between art mediums and processes to achieve a desired result. Examine objects in the classroom to determine the processes used to create them. Apply acquired skills in the use and control of art tools and materials. 	 Create two-dimensional and three-dimensional artworks using different mediums. Create artwork which demonstrates acquired technical skills. Record explorations with media in a sketchbook and observations in a journal noting the expressive possibilities and limitations. Engage in class critique or peer evaluation of own work to discuss evidence of patience, care and pride.

II. COMPONENT: CREATING AND PRODUCING ART (continued)

COMMENT	Exploratory A	rt OUTCOMES		CANERY F
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
ANEA	and Growth			
IMAGINATIVE		 Apply historical and cultural knowledge in the development of ideas for personal expression. 	 Evaluate how artists have used their imagination or creativity to give visual form to ideas or beliefs. 	 Produce artworks which reflect historical or cultural influences.
AND CREATIVE APPLICATIONS		 Use imaginative and creative thinking skills to transform ideas into visual form. 	 Apply creative thinking process steps in the development of ideas, e.g., observation, analysis, selection, composition, evaluation and refinement. Use imaginative thinking to create visual symbols and metaphors. Use inventive thinking to list "what if" questions that could be translated into a visual form. 	 Use imaginative and creative thinking skills to transform ideas into visual form.

CONTENT	Exploratory Art OUTCOMES				
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT	
CRITICAL ANALYSIS AND		Demonstrate critical thinking skills in the discussion and evaluation of artwork.	 Describe in detail a work of art while others make drawings from the "dictation." Identify visual literacy skills used by an art critic. Talk/write about art using the aesthetic scanning technique. Analyze an art critic's review of an exhibit or work of art noting the descriptive language. 	 Talk/write about art using critical thinking skills, e.g., aesthetic scanning technique, group critiques. Choose a favorite work of art and write a description of it or write a poem that fits with its mood. 	
AESTHETIC RESPONSE		Respond in an informed, responsible manner to determine the criteria for worth of an object.	 Participate in discussions about treasured, ordinary and discarded objects. Discuss ways in which certain buildings, objects, fashions, etc. are examples of visual beauty and unity. 	• Engage in formal aesthetic discussions to list the criteria for determining an objects worth, e.g. panel discussions, debates, play token response or other art perception games.	
	• Express and support their personal ideas about art in relation to the ideas and works of others.		 Demonstrate acceptance of the creative contributions, reactions and differing opinions of others. Ask for other interpretations of an artwork to compare ideas. 	• Express and support personal ideas about art in written or oral form.	

Course Name: 702 Drawing & Printmaking

Length of Course: nine weeks Grade Offered: 7th and 8th

Students who elect this course will incorporate thinking skills, use the elements of art and principles of organization to create art and explore the characteristics of drawing and graphics throughout history. A variety of drawing and printmaking materials such as pen and ink, charcoal, stencils and linoleum will be used. Through class discussions, creative exercises, planned projects and self-evaluation students will experience the challenges and rewards of learning about art. This class may be taken more than once.

I. COMPONENT: HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS

CONTRACTO	Drawing & Printma	iking OUTCOMES		2.1.57
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
ARTISTS IN CULTURE AND SOCIETY		 Point out ways that various cultures have recorded history through their drawings, e.g., cave walls, Greek vases, Native American bark drawings, Japanese drawings on cloth. 	Participate in the aesthetic scanning process discussing drawings and reproductions to identify ways that various artists have recorded their history.	Write or discuss how artist(s) have communicated ideas, preserved history and/or expressed their ideas through their artworks.
	• Recognize and explain the invention of printmaking as a means to communicate ideas on a mass scale.		Examine reproductions of drawings and prints to understand the role reproduced images have played in history.	 Participate in aesthetic scanning process, games or class discussions on the impact of printmaking in history.
INTER- DISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS		 Make connections between the social, economic and educational impact of the invention of the printing process. 	Research specific topics related to the history of drawing and printmaking.	Create a timeline that illustrates the history of printmaking.

See Appendix II for related instructional resources.

	Drawing & Printmo	uking OUTCOMES		
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
DESIGN CONCEPTS		• Use the elements of art and principles of organization to express emotional/aesthetic effects in own artwork.	Demonstrate variations of the elements of art and principles of organization to express an idea.	• Selectively use the elements of art and principles of organization to express desired effects in drawings and prints.
MEDIA SKILLS AND		Examine prints and reproductions to identify techniques specific to media.	• Identify various media to create desired technical effects, e.g., in drawing: pen & ink, charcoal, pencil, in printmaking: linocuts, stencil prints.	Draw artworks and identify media and technique used.
PROCESSES	 Select media tools and techniques to express desired visual effects. 		 Create desired visual effects by selecting appropriate media and techniques. 	Select appropriate media and technique to express a desired effect.
		Produce artwork that shows patience, care and pride.	Apply acquired skills in the use and control of art tools and materials.	Engage in class critique or peer evaluation of own work to discuss evidence of patience, care and pride.
IMAGINATIVE AND CREATIVE		Engage in self-directed explorations of an idea from conception to completion.	 Create artworks which expresses a personal message, idea or theme. Draw ideas from imagination and observation that can be transferred into prints. 	Keep a visual/written record of self-directed studies, e.g., journal, portfolio, sketchbook.
APPLICATIONS	Demonstrate ability to use a variety of techniques and approaches to express ideas (gesture, contour, and shading).		Create works of art using various drawing techniques and approaches.	Keep a visual/written record of techniques and approaches.

COMPLIA	Drawing & Printm	naking OUTCOMES		2.1177	
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT	
		Describe, analyze, interpret and judge selected drawings and prints.	Practice aesthetic scanning techniques in small and large group settings.	Talk/write about drawings and prints using oral critiques and aesthetic scanning technique.	
CRITICAL		 Articulate the differences and similarities between drawing and printmaking. 	Analyze the differences and similarities between drawings and prints done in a variety of techniques.	Talk/write about the technical differences and similarities between drawings and prints.	
ANALYSIS AND AESTHETIC RESPONSE		 Analyze drawings and prints of different styles and techniques that convey different emotional responses. 	Analyze their own artwork with regard to how the medium, technique and style are used to evoke a desired emotional/aesthetic response.	 Analyze drawings and prints of different styles and techniques that convey different emotional responses. 	
	Discuss aesthetic and ethical issues related to drawing and printmaking offering reasons for their judgments		 Take an aesthetic stance to discuss the merits of a work of art, e.g., realistic, formalist, expressionistic. Discuss copyright issues, public domain rules and responsibility for visual propaganda. 	Respond to aesthetic and ethical questions related to drawing and printmaking in small or large group discussions.	
	Articulate their own aesthetic response to drawings and prints.		Discuss and share aesthetic experiences related to drawings and prints.	• Talk/write about own aesthetic stance in responding to drawings and prints.	

Course Name: 703 Painting & Composition

Length of Course: nine weeks Grade Offered: 7th and 8th

The fundamentals of composition, color theory and painting processes will be studied in this class. Original and creative approaches will be stressed while learning to use pastels, watercolors, tempera paint, pen and ink, charcoal and pencil. Experiences will be planned to improve technical skills, develop self-confidence and make informed judgments about the merits of artworks. Studying the works of famous artists provides a basis for developing personal expressions and understanding individual styles. Progress will be assessed according to the student's understanding of concepts, quality of work and class participation. This class may be taken more than once.

I. COMPONENT: HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS

CONTRACTO	Painting & Compos	sition OUTCOMES		G.135757
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
		 Identify and explain the significance of artworks by selected artists from past and present societies. 	Create a time line with selected paintings individually or in small group settings.	• Create a time line with selected paintings noting their importance in the history of art.
ARTISTS IN CULTURE AND SOCIETY		 Discuss selected artist's visual interpretation of his/her time. 	• Write/talk about interpretations of a single theme of selected different artists noting differences in style, technique and time.	Write/talk about how artists have interpreted their time noting differences in subject matter and techniques, e.g., still life, portrait, and pointillism.
	Explain the social and cultural influences on an artist's style, color selection, technique and subject matter.		Classify selected paintings according to era, style, technique and subject matter.	Write/talk about cultural influences evident in paintings of selected artists.*
INTER- DISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS	Recognize paintings as a reflection of culture, time and geographic region.		Sort selected paintings by cultural attributes, time period or geographical region in small or large group settings.	Classify selected paintings by culture, time and/or geographic region.

See Appendix III for related instructional resources.

CONTRACT	Painting & Composition OUTCOMES			G . 3 5 7 7
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
DESIGN CONCEPTS		 Identify variations of selected elements of art and principles of organization used in paintings and compositions. 	Observe and identify the elements of art and principles of organization used in their own art.	Select and use the elements of art and principles of organization in the creation of paintings and compositions.
	• Select the appropriate lines, shapes and color combinations to achieve a planned effect.		• Use variations of color, shape and line to change the mood or appearance of visual forms and to direct the viewer's attention.	Describe (orally or in writing) how different artists use color, shape and line to control the composition in works of art.
		 Apply and develop technical skills using a variety of painting media. 	Practice with a variety of media to increase technical skills.	Select appropriate technique to produce a desired result.
MEDIA SKILLS AND PROCESSES		 Distinguish media in paintings and describe the method of application. 	 Compare and contrast various kinds of painting media and application procedures. 	 Select appropriate paint media and application to achieve desired effect.
		 Produce artwork that shows patience, care and pride. 	 Apply acquired skills in the use and control of art tools and materials. 	 Engage in class critique or peer evaluation of own work to discuss evidence of patience, care and pride.
IMAGINATIVE AND CREATIVE		 Use observation and imagination to create compositions and paintings. 	Compose personal ideas in visual form.	 Paint from observation and imagination to compose an idea in visual form.
APPLICATIONS	 Use discoveries made in explorations as resources for imaginative solutions. 		 Explore methods for applying different painting mediums. 	 Compile and evaluate various examples of painting mediums and techniques.

COMPANIE	Painting & Compos	ition OUTCOMES		CANADAE
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
		 Describe, analyze and interpret paintings using a rich descriptive vocabulary. 	Practice aesthetic scanning techniques in small and large groups using appropriate vocabulary.	Talk/write about paintings using critical thinking skills and the aesthetic scanning process.
CRITICAL ANALYSIS AND AESTHETIC RESPONSE	Express and support personal ideas about art in relation to aesthetic experience and perceptions.	Evaluate selected paintings and give reason for judgments.	 Play "token response," participate in critiques, engage in cooperative learning games, etc. Demonstrate acceptance of differing opinions and reactions to selected paintings during class discussions. Discuss what qualifies an experience as aesthetic. 	 Evaluate selected paintings and give reason for judgments (discussion, individual interview, games, etc.). Participate in large and small group discussions to share personal opinions and reactions about own paintings and paintings of others.
	Discuss reasons for human creativity in art citing examples from cave dwellings to contemporary times.		Discuss reasons for human creativity in art throughout history.	Talk/write about reasons for human creativity in art throughout history.

Course Name: **704 Design in Nature**Length of Course: nine weeks
Grade Offered: 7th

In this class, students will discover how the patterns, colors, lines, textures and shapes seen in nature can be a source and inspiration for design. Artists' works from past and present societies will be studied to learn how others have interpreted their visual world. Assignments will be selected to develop self-confidence. Student progress will be evaluated individually according to thinking skills, quality of work and understanding of the design concepts. This class is designed to correlate with the 7th grade curriculum.

I. COMPONENT: HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS

CONTENT	Design in Natur	re OUTCOMES		CANADAE
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
ARTISTS IN CULTURE		• Identify and explain the symbolic use of nature as a source of inspiration in different cultures, e.g., water, the sun, etc.	Compare and analyze the use of nature as cultural symbols by artists of past and present societies.	Compare and analyze the use of nature as cultural symbols in selected artworks by artists of past and present societies.
AND SOCIETY	 Recognize and use the visual characteristics of the design systems as used by various cultures. 		 Study the use natural design systems in motifs and decorations in the art of various cultures. 	 Recognize the use of the design systems as used by various cultures in selected artworks.
INTER- DISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS	Make connections to other subject areas, e.g., natural science, social studies.		Examine photographs, maps and illustrations in textbooks/resources from other content areas.	 Observe and record cell structures, veins of leaves and insects with the aid of microscopes and magnifying glasses. Observe and record design motifs of various cultures and plot them on a geographical map.
	Make connections to nature and technology.		• Discuss the relationship of form and function on the creation of technological inventions, e.g. hexagonal formations, interlocking patterns.	Discuss relationship of nature to technology.

See Appendix IV for related instructional resources.

CONTENT	Design in Natu	re OUTCOMES		CANADA E
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
DESIGN CONCEPTS		Observe and talk about the elements of art and principles of organization inherent in natural forms.	Observe, discuss and relate spirals, helix, radial, hexagon, explosive, branching and meandering systems to nature and art.	Observe and talk about the elements of art and principles of organization inherent in natural forms.
		 Use different media to depict the natural design systems in the creation of personal artworks. 	Use design systems listed above and create examples in different media.	Use different media to depict the natural design systems in the creation of personal artworks.
MEDIA SKILLS AND PROCESSES	 Select tools and materials that help express own ideas in visual form. 		• Use a variety of tools and materials, noting their individual characteristics, prior to selecting those to be used in a finished work.	Select tools and materials that help express own ideas in visual form.
		Produce artwork that shows patience, care and pride.	Apply acquired skills in the use and control of art tools and materials.	 Engage in class critique or peer evaluation of own work to discuss evidence of patience, care and pride.
IMAGINATIVE AND CREATIVE APPLICATIONS		• Utilize the design systems inherent in nature as a source and inspiration for the creation of own artwork.	 Combine design systems in new ways. Create imaginary natural formations after learning about fields of illustration (medical, botanical). 	Utilize natural design systems in new ways to create personal artworks.

COMPLIA	Design in Nature OUTCOMES			GANERY F
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
		• Point out similarities and differences between artists' interpretations of nature and their use of the natural design systems.	Discuss how designers use natural motifs and patterns in the creation of everyday objects, wall covering, etc.	Point out and talk about design systems, patterns and lines visible in everyday objects, wall coverings, etc.
CRITICAL ANALYSIS AND AESTHETIC	• Distinguish the difference between observing and comprehending what is seen.		 Draw from observation to distinguish the difference between seeing and looking. 	Examine own artwork to distinguish the difference between observing and comprehending what is seen.
RESPONSE		 Relate personal opinions about design in nature with descriptive vocabulary and appropriate art terminology. 	 Practice using descriptive vocabulary and appropriate art terms by interpreting and discussing design in nature. 	Relate personal opinions about design in nature using a descriptive vocabulary and appropriate art terminology.
	• Give examples of how and why certain visual arrangements by different artists evoke different responses.		 Discuss works by Christo, O'Keefe, Wright, Audubon, etc. regarding the different responses to natural formations. 	Discuss how and why certain visual arrangements by different artists evoke different responses.

Course Name: 705 Art in the Environment

Length of Course: nine weeks Grade Offered: 8th

This class will focus on the design of interior spaces, environmental structures, architectural forms, advertisements and consumer products. Careers in design and the cultural influences of art in the environment will be discussed. Paint, pencil clay, wood and cardboard, as well as the computer and/or camera may be used to execute design ideas. Evaluation will be based upon problem-solving skills, critical thinking, and use of the material, attitude and quality of workmanship. This class may be repeated.

I. COMPONENT: HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS

~~~~~	Art in the Environ	nment OUTCOMES		
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
ARTISTS IN CULTURE AND SOCIETY	Apply knowledge of historical/cultural influences to select appropriate environmental art forms to reflect a particular time or culture.	Identify some of the historical and cultural influences on the design of environmental structures, buildings and interior spaces.	<ul> <li>Discuss the meaning of environment.</li> <li>Cite examples of environmental structures throughout history.</li> </ul>	Talk/write about the cultural influence or significance in the design of environmental structures, buildings and interior spaces.
AND SOCIETY		Identify some of the technological factors and cultural values that influence the design of consumer products and advertisements.	Discuss factors that influence the design of consumer products, e.g., availability of materials, needs of society.	Talk/write about some of the technological factors and cultural values that influence the design of consumer products and advertisements.
	Identify future design careers for themselves based upon personal interests and skills.	Identify design skills for careers that impact our visual and physical environment.	Role-play the various jobs     associated with interior or     landscape design companies, e.g.,     interior design, landscape design     and architecture.	Describe design skills that would be used by interior, landscape and architectural designers.
INTER- DISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS		<ul> <li>Identify artistic skills for careers in photographic and electronic media that impact our visual and physical environment.</li> </ul>	Discuss skills specific to photographers, film producers and designers of video games, etc.	Describe artistic skills     necessary for careers in     photographic and electronic     media.
	Identify roles of various design team members in creation of commercial and consumer products.	Identify careers responsible for the design of commercial and consumer products for everyday use.	• Gather examples of commercial and consumer products and classify the selections according to use style, target audience, e.g., advertising and fashion, industrial, and packaging design.	Describe careers responsible for the design of commercial and consumer products.

See Appendix V for related instructional resources.

CONTENT	Art in the Environment OUTCOMES			CAMPAR
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
DESIGN CONCEPTS		• Identify how the elements of art and principles of organization in art are used in environmental structures.	<ul> <li>Discuss interrelationship of design elements and spatial qualities/needs.</li> </ul>	• Write/talk about the use of elements of art and principles of organization in environmental structures.
	<ul> <li>Articulate how function dictates form in well- designed environmental structures.</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Draw or write about the relationship of form and function in the design of environmental structures.</li> </ul>
	Use electronic media, computers or cameras to generate images that express personal ideas.		<ul> <li>Use current technological tools to produce images that express personal ideas, e.g., animated cartoons, paper flip books, videos or drawings on film/slides.</li> </ul>	Use electronic media to convey personal ideas in visual form.
MEDIA SKILLS AND PROCESSES	Use art materials to create three-dimensional models of environmental structures.		<ul> <li>Construct three-dimensional models of environmental structures, e.g., cardboard, clay, recycled junk.</li> </ul>	Create three-dimensional models of environmental structures.
		<ul> <li>Design an original consumer product and/or advertisement individually or in a design team.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Draw preliminary sketches and presentation drawings of plans for original consumer products, packages or illustrations.</li> </ul>	Design an original consumer product and/or advertisement individually or in a design team.
		<ul> <li>Produce artwork that shows patience, care and pride.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Apply acquired skills in the use and control of art tools and materials.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Engage in class critique or peer evaluation of own work to discuss evidence of patience, care and pride.</li> </ul>
IMAGINATIVE AND CREATIVE APPLICATIONS		• Plan and create architectural forms, structures and murals designed for a specific physical/emotional environment individually or in a group.		• Plan and create an architectural form, structure and mural designed for a specific environment individually or in a group.

CONTENT	Art in the Enviro	nment OUTCOMES		GANERY F
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
		• Describe how designers use the elements of art and principles of organization to create environmental forms and consumer products.	<ul> <li>Use terminology such as visual and physical environment in discussions about artworks.</li> <li>Participate in aesthetic scanning processes and group critiques.</li> </ul>	Talk/write/print out how elements of art and principles of organization are evident in environmental forms and consumer products.
CRITICAL ANALYSIS AND		<ul> <li>Describe the mood or feeling created in various buildings, rooms and settings, e.g., gardens, playgrounds, homes, churches, restaurants.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talk about how color and lighting contribute to mood of interior spaces.</li> <li>Talk about the surface quality and "feeling" of outdoor structures.</li> </ul>	Talk/write about moods or feelings created in various environmental settings.
AESTHETIC RESPONSE		Point out techniques used to influence one's physical/psychological reaction to environmental structures, consumer products and electronic media.	<ul> <li>Talk about techniques used to manipulate perceptions and reactions.</li> <li>Discuss how space is used to evoke aesthetic feelings.</li> </ul>	Point out techniques used to influence one's physical/psychological reaction to environmental structures, consumer products and electronic media.
		<ul> <li>Make reasoned judgments about aesthetic criteria for architecture, industrial design, photography, etc.</li> </ul>	Role-play using different     aesthetic theories to evaluate     the design success of packages,     structures, media, etc.	• Engage in formal aesthetic discussion to list criteria for determining the aesthetic value of architectural forms, industrial products, etc.
	Discuss reasons for artists and designers to be sensitive to environmental and ethical concerns.		<ul> <li>Discuss the term "visual pollution."</li> <li>Discuss ecological issues.</li> </ul>	Engage in discussion to list reasons for artists and consumers to be sensitive to environmental and ethical concerns.

Course Name: **706 Applied Arts**Length of Course: nine weeks
Grade Offered: 7th

The students who elect this class will create decorative, functional and non-functional works of art. Crafts from various cultures will be studied to focus on the purpose and role of applied arts in society. Students will learn that the design, selection of materials and quality craftsmanship are important criteria in the creation of functional and decorative art forms. Evaluation will be based on class participation, evidence of creative thought and understanding of concepts. This class may be taken more than once.

### I. COMPONENT: HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS

CONTRACT	Applied Arts	S OUTCOMES		G.1.7.F.7.
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
HKEA	and Growth			
ARTISTS IN CULTURE	• Classify various forms of crafts that are produced by crafts people according to their use.	• Identify various forms of crafts (applied arts) that are produced by crafts people, e.g., weaving, pottery, basketry, jewelry, fiberarts.	<ul> <li>List forms of crafts.</li> <li>Gather examples of different applied arts noting their decorative qualities and everyday use.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>List various forms of crafts that are produced by crafts people.</li> </ul>
AND SOCIETY	Classify different craft works according to their time, culture and purpose.	Point out similarities and differences among craft works produced by various cultures during different periods of time.	<ul> <li>Make cross-cultural comparisons between the materials, tools and design of works created for similar purposes.</li> </ul>	Illustrate similarities and differences among craft works produced by various cultures, during different periods of time.

## I. COMPONENT: HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS (continued)

COMPRIME	Applied Arts OUTCOMES			CAMPLE
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
		• Cite examples of ways people use crafts for creative expression and personal fulfillment outside of professional life.	List examples of crafts that people make for leisure activities.	Gather examples of crafts created for personal expression and personal fulfillment.
INTER- DISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS		• Cite examples of various design careers which employ crafts people, e.g., fabric and jewelry design, woodworking, glass making.	• List examples of design careers which use the skills of a crafts person.	Talk/write/illustrate     examples of design careers     which employ crafts people.
	Classify works of art in various media, making connections between the materials available and the technological advantages of the culture.		<ul> <li>Trace the design and development of a specific craft form over time, e.g., weapons, chairs, bowls.</li> <li>Discuss the role of the archaeologist and artifacts of a culture.</li> </ul>	Talk/write about the evolution of crafts (applied arts) to present production processes.

COMPRIME	Applied Arts OUTCOMES			CANADA
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
DESIGN		<ul> <li>Identify the elements of art and principles of organization used in the creation of functional and/or non-functional applied art forms.</li> </ul>	• Gather examples of applied art forms and discuss elements of art and principles of organization evident in each.	Observe and identify the elements of art and principles of organization in functional and/or non-functional applied art forms.
CONCEPTS	Point out how different cultures have used the elements of art and principles of organization to embellish and give meaning to their craft work.		Gather examples of applied arts from different cultures and discuss techniques used to embellish and give meaning to the work.	Observe and point out how cultures have used the elements of art and the principles of organization to embellish and give meaning to their craft work.
		<ul> <li>Use various tools associated with the different areas of applied arts, e.g., looms, potters wheels, kilns.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify various tools         associated with applied art.</li> <li>Practice using the different tools.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use various tools associated with the different areas of applied arts, e.g., looms, potters wheels, kilns.</li> </ul>
MEDIA SKILLS AND PROCESSES		<ul> <li>Use appropriate media and processes to plan and execute functional and/or non- functional art forms.</li> </ul>	Design plans for and create functional and non-functional art forms.	<ul> <li>Use appropriate media and processes to plan and execute functional and/or non- functional art forms.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Produce artwork that shows patience, care and pride.</li> </ul>	Apply acquired skills in the use and control of art tools and materials	<ul> <li>Engage in class critique or peer evaluation of own work to discuss evidence of patience, care and pride.</li> </ul>
IMAGINATIVE AND CREATIVE APPLICATIONS		<ul> <li>Apply cultural knowledge in the development of ideas for personal expression.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Create plans for artworks         which show ideas from various         cultures.</li> <li>Discuss possibilities for art         expressions of cultural ideas or         beliefs</li> </ul>	Produce applied arts that reflect cultural influences.
	Use inner resources (emotion, intellect, fantasy, past experiences) to create meaningful artwork that reflects personal values and culture.		Discuss how art reflects     personal values or culture.	Create meaningful artwork that reflects personal values and culture.

COMPLIA	Applied Arts OUTCOMES			GANERY E
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
		<ul> <li>Analyze visual characteristics of functional and non-functional art produced by various cultures.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Discuss, draw/write about visual characteristics of art from various cultures.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Analyze visual characteristics of functional and non-functional applied art forms.</li> </ul>
CRITICAL ANALYSIS AND AESTHETIC RESPONSE		Compare the difference     between objects created by     a crafts person and those     manufactured by a machine.	Examine the differences     between handcrafted and     mass-produced items, e.g.,     mugs or drinking glasses.	• Evaluate/critique objects created by a crafts person and those manufactured by a machine.
	• Explain the difference between functional objects used by a culture and those that were preserved as an image of society (objects buried with the dead, cultural artifacts exhibited in museums, enshrined in tombs, etc.).		Discuss and analyze the differences between functional objects used by a culture and those preserved by a society.	Talk/write about the difference between functional objects used by a culture and those with personal value preserved by a society.

Course Name: 707 Ceramics & Sculpture

Length of Course: nine weeks Grade Offered: 7th & 8th

In this class students will explore various ways to create and respond to three-dimensional art. Life-like, imaginary and abstract representation will be used in the creation of vessels, symbolic forms and human and animal figures. Clay forms and sculptures from paper mache, plaster, wood and wire will be assigned. The role of sculptural and ceramic forms, both functional and non-functional, throughout history, including contemporary society, will be studied. Student progress will be evaluated by evidence of creative thought, understanding of the concepts, communication of ideas and skill in handling materials. This class may be taken more than once.

### I. COMPONENT: HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS

COMPLIA	CONTENTS Ceramics & Sculpture OUTCOMES			GANERY E
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
		Distinguish specific examples of three- dimensional forms produced by varied cultures.	Observe and discuss the characteristics of a variety of three-dimensional forms produced by people from different eras and regions.	Write/talk about the characteristics of three- dimensional forms produced by different cultures.
ARTISTS IN CULTURE AND SOCIETY		• Identify some of the major subjects, purposes and varieties of sculptures in history.	Observe and discuss the subject and purpose of a variety of sculptures produced by people from different eras and regions.	Talk/write about the subject and purpose of three- dimensional objects by people of different eras and regions.
	• Explain the symbolic meaning of selected three-dimensional forms that are produced by varied cultures both past and present.		<ul> <li>Discuss stylization.</li> <li>Compare symbols from different cultures.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain the symbolism conveyed through the design of three-dimensional forms produced by past and present cultures.</li> </ul>
INTER- DISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS		Articulate that design, form and function are integral to all three-dimensional objects.	Recognize the process and steps involved in the design and production of three-dimensional objects.	Discuss/write about the conception, design and production of various three-dimensional objects throughout time.

See Appendix VII for related instructional resources.

COMPANE	Ceramics & Sculpture OUTCOMES				
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT	
DESIGN CONCEPTS		<ul> <li>Apply knowledge of elements of art and principles of organization to identify or create visual unity in a three-dimensional form.</li> <li>Articulate how three-dimensional forms occupy space, are seen in the round, are free-standing, suspended or project outward from a surface.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Observe different three-dimensional forms and discuss how visual unity has been conveyed.</li> <li>Distinguish the differences in three-dimensional forms and how they occupy space.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify or create unity in a three-dimensional form using the elements of art and principles of organization.</li> <li>Draw/write about the different types of three-dimensional forms.</li> </ul>	
MEDIA SKILLS AND PROCESSES		Apply technical and physical skill using sculptural media, tools and processes to construct three-dimensional art forms.	<ul> <li>Model, carve, cast or assemble three-dimensional art forms using appropriate tools and techniques.</li> <li>Construct clay forms using coil, slab and pinch methods.</li> </ul>	Use sculptural media, tools and processes to complete a three-dimensional art form according to specified criteria.	
		<ul> <li>Produce artwork that shows patience, care and pride.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Apply acquired skills in the use and control of art tools and materials.</li> </ul>	Engage in class critique or peer evaluation of own work to discuss evidence of patience, care and pride.	
IMAGINATIVE AND CREATIVE APPLICATIONS	Create imaginative or representational forms that convey a personal mood or idea.		<ul> <li>Visually describe a personal mood or idea by creating a sculptural form.</li> <li>Select and combine from a range of sculptural materials to create imaginative and representational forms.</li> </ul>	Select and combine materials to create imaginative or representative three- dimensional forms.	
		<ul> <li>Use imagination to create planned, spontaneous and expressive forms in various media.</li> </ul>	Create original expressive forms using a variety of media.	Use imagination and media to transform ideas into three- dimensional form.	

CONTENT	Ceramics & Sculpture OUTCOMES			GANERY T
CONTENT AREA	Focus on Development and Growth	Focus on Attainment	OBJECTIVES	SAMPLE ASSESSMENT
		Use vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge of sculptural processes, e.g., additive, subtractive, relief, armature, space.	Observe and describe the procedure used to create different sculptures.	Talk/write about sculptural processes used to create different sculptures.
		• Use vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge of various sculpture media, e.g., paper mache, metal, clay, stone, plaster.	Observe and classify slides/reproductions of different sculptures according to the media used.	Talk/write about     characteristics of different     media used in     slides/reproductions or     originals observed.
CRITICAL ANALYSIS AND AESTHETIC RESPONSE		Discuss the effect of elements of art and principles of organization evident in three-dimensional forms, e.g., pleasing effects, visual unity, visual tension.	Use descriptive vocabulary and knowledge of elements of art and principles of organization related to the creation of three-dimensional forms.	Talk/write about the visual effect created by selected elements of art and principles of organization in a three-dimensional form.
		• Discuss the aesthetic qualities of three-dimensional art forms to determine their worth in a social context, e.g., Duchamp's "R Mutt".	Discuss aesthetic qualities of three-dimensional art forms with teacher and peers.	Engage in formal aesthetic discussions to list the criteria for determining a three-dimensional art form's worth.
	• Discuss the relationship between form, function and meaning in three- dimensional art in own work and the work of others.		Observe and discuss the function and meaning conveyed in a variety of three-dimensional forms.	Talk/write about the relationship between form, function and meaning in three-dimensional artwork.

Appendix I
Instructional Resources: Exploratory Art

	World of Images	Art & Man Magazine	Reproductions & Transparencies*
GENERAL		Maurice Sendak (illustration), Vol. 21 No. 6	T.H. Benton, "The Wreak of Old '97," AAI
INFORMATION		Rouseau, Vol. 23 No. 1	Bingham, "The Jolly Float Boatman," AAI
HISTORICAL/	Chapter 5: Art History before 1900, pp. 83-104	Egyptian Art, Vol. 20 No. 3	Cassatt, "Children Playing on the Beach," AAI
CULTURAL	Chapter 6: Art History in the 20 th Century,	Chinese Art, Vol. 23 No. 4	Hokusai, "The Great Wave," AAI
	pp. 100-126	Impressionists, Vol. 20 No. 4	Kandinsky, "Improvisation 31 (Sea Battle)," AAI
	Chapter 7: Art, A Global View, pp. 127-148	Carrivaggio, Vol. 20 No. 2	Miro, "Head of a Woman," AAI
		African Art, Vol. 22 No. 2	Moore, "Rocking Chair," AAI
		Native American Art, Vol. 21, No. 3	Picasso, "Three Musicians," AAI
INTER-	Chapter 2: Careers in Art, pp. 25-39	Art of the Americas, Vol. 24 No. 2	Raphael, "The Small Couper Madonna," AAI
DISCIPLINARY		Egyptian Art, Vol. 20 No. 3	Vermeer, "Artist in His Studio," AAI
CREATING &	Chapters 8 – 13, pp. 149-289	Van Gogh (feelings and color), Vol. 21 No. 1	Iroquois, "False Face Mask," AAI
PRODUCING		Gaughan (creating with color), Vol. 20 No. 1	Audubon, "Gyrfalcon," AAII
		African Art (creating masks for today), Vol. 22 No. 2	Dali, "The Elephant," AAII
ANALYSIS &		Gaughan (colors of emotion), Vol. 20 No. 1	M.C. Escher, "Relativity," AAII
AESTHETICS		African Art (power of the mask), Vol. 22 No. 2	Dorthea Lange, "Migrant Mother California '36," AAII
		,,	J. Leyster, "Self Portrait," AAII
			Magritte, "Time Transfixed," AAII
			Marc, "Large Blue Horses," AAII
			Monet, "Water Lilies," AAII
			Picasso, "Girl Before a Mirror," AAII
			Seurat, "The Circus," AAII
			Van Gogh, "Starry Night," AAII
			Frances Flemish, "The Unicorn in Captivity," AAII
			David Hammons, "The Door," AAA
			Charles Burchfield, "An April Mood," text
			Frida Kahlo, "Diego y Yo" (Diego and I), text
			Christo, "Running Fence," text
			Peter Paul Rubens, "Lion" text
			Kenny Scharf, "Opulado Teevona," text
			Leo Sewell, "Penguin," text
			Charles Sheeler, "Feline Felicity," text
			Siva, "King of the Dancers, Performing the Nataraja," text
			Alma Thomas, "Iris, Tulips, Jonqils and Crocuses," text
			Transparencies Transparencies
			Edward Munch, "The Scream"
			Ifugao, "Offertory Bowl" (Philippines)
			Matisse, "The Green Stripe"
			Alfred Pellan, "Mascarade"
			Jaune Quick to See Smith, "Jumper"
			Andrew Tsnahjinnie, "Pastoral Scene"

^{*} AAI = Art in Action I; AAII = Art in Action II; text = series accompanying textbooks; PAA = Pacific Asian Art Series; AAA = African-American Art Series

Appendix II
Instructional Resources: Drawing & Printmaking

	Art, Images & Ideas	World of Images	Art & Man Magazine	Reproductions & Transparencies*
GENERAL	Chapter 7: Drawing, pp. 132-154	Chapter 8: Drawing, pp. 149-179	M.C. Escher, Vol. 22 No. 3	Marie Johnson-Calloway, "Church
INFORMATION	Chapter 9: Printmaking, pp. 179-200	Chapter 10: Printmaking, pp. 200-220	Surrealism, Vol. 22 No. 4	Mothers: Hope Street," AAA
	Chapter 10: Graphic Design	Chapter 11: Graphic Design, pp. 221-240	Photography, Vol. 20 No. 5	Unknown, "Lohan and Attendant," PAA
	Chapter 2: Design – The Language of Art,	Chapter 3: Design – The Language of Art,	Illustration, Vol. 21 No. 6	Hokusai, "The Great Wave," AAI
	pp. 21-40	pp. 41-61		Albrecht Durer, "Rhinoceros," AAI
HISTORICAL/	Meet the Artist: Hokusai, pp. 132-133	Meet the Artist: da Vinci, p. 152	Illustration, Vol. 21 No. 6	Peter Hurd, "Eve of St. John," AAI
CULTURAL	Chapter 5: Early Art in North America,	Introduction to Printmaking, p. 199	Creating with Light (Photography),	John Marin, "Circus Elephants," AAI
	pp. 83-105	Meet the Artist: Durer, pp. 202-203	Vol. 21 No. 3	Fritz Scholder, "Indian Portrait with
	Chapter 6: North American Art – 20th	Gallery, p. 122		Tomahawk," AAI
	Century, pp. 107-127	Chapter 5: Art History Before 1900,		Henri de Toulouse-Lautrec, "Divan
	Introduction to Printing, p. 179	pp. 83-103		Japonais," AAI
	Meet the Artist: Koilwitz, pp. 182-183	Chapter 6: Art History – 20th Century,		J.J. Audubon, "Gyrfalcon," AAII
	Graphic Design, pp. 201-203	pp. 105-125		Salvador Dali, "The Elephants," AAII
		Chapter 7: Global View, pp. 127-141		Philip Evergood, "Sunny Side of the
INTER-	Chapter 1: Careers in Art, pp. 13-19	Graphic Design Careers, pp. 32-35	Creating with Light, Vol. 21 No. 3	Street," AAII
DISCIPLINARY	Photography 1900-Present, pp. 124-125	Career Awareness, p. 173	David Hockney, Vol. 20 No. 6	Kavase Hasui, "Hinomisaki in Moonlight in
	Meet the Artist: B. Thompson,	Graphic Design, p. 221		Izumo Province," AAII
	pp. 204-205	See "Historical/Cultural" block above		Dorothea Lange, "Migrant Mother,
	See "Historical/Cultural" block above			California 1936," AAII
CREATING &	Chapter 2: Elements of Design, pp. 22-33	Ideas for Drawing: Media, pp. 154-172	Van Gogh (portraits), Vol. 21 No.1	Peter Paul Rubens, "Lion," AAII
PRODUCING	Chapter 2: Principles of Design, pp. 34-41	Methods, pp. 204-215	Picasso (portraits), Vol. 21 No. 4	Beverly Buchanan, "Summer Hot," text
	Using Design Concepts for Drawing,	Sources of Ideas for Prints, pp. 226-237	Michaelangelo (figure drawing),	Frida Kahlo, "Diego y Yo" (Diego and I),
	pp. 138-151		Vol. 22 No. 1	Text
	Ideas for Drawing, pp. 134-137		David Hockney (transfers), Vol. 20	Ma Yuan, "Bare Willows and Distant
	Print Gallery, pp. 180-181		No. 6	Mountains." Text
	Ideas for Prints, pp. 184-185		Carrivaggio (portraits), Vol. 20	Peter Paul Rubens, "Lion," text
ANALYZIGIG	Ideas for Graphic Arts, pp. 206-217	D : C !! 150.151	No. 2	Charles Sheeler, "Feline Felicity," text
ANALYSIS &	Drawing – Gallery, pp. 130-131	Drawing Gallery, pp. 150-151	Illustration, Vol. 21 No. 6	
AESTHETICS	Using What You Learned – Aesthetics and	Printmaking Gallery, pp. 200-201	David Hockney, Vol. 20 No. 6	Transparencies
	Critiques, p. 153	Printmaking and Other Media, p. 216	A Different Way of Looking and	David Sigueicos, "The Challenge"
	New Directions in Printmaking and Critical	Meet the Artist – Critical Thinking, p. 225	The California Story	Katsushika Hokusai, "Six Master Poets"
	Thinking, pp. 196-199	Using What You Learned, p. 239 Chapter 4: Society and Discussing Art		Jeff Long, "Flotsam and Jetsam"
	Summary/Using What You Learned About	Chapter 4: Seeing and Discussing Art,		Henri Matisse, "The Green Stripe"
	Graphic Arts, p. 219 Chapter 3: Aesthetic Percention and Art	pp. 41-61		Jaune Quick to See Smith, "Jumper"
	Chapter 3: Aesthetic Perception and Art			Junio Quiek to bee billian, Juniper
	Criticism, pp. 43-61			

^{*} AAI = Art in Action I; AAII = Art in Action II; text = series accompanying textbooks; PAA = Pacific Asian Art Series; AAA = African-American Art Series

Appendix III
Instructional Resources: Painting & Composition

Middle School

	Art, Images & Ideas	World of Images	Art & Man Magazine	Reproductions & Transparencies*
GENERAL	Chapter 2: Design – The Language of Art,	Chapter 9: Painting, pp. 175-199	René Magritte, Vol. 24, No. 1	John Biggers, "The Upper Room" (African),
INFORMATION	pp. 21-40	Chapter 3: Design – The	American Impressionists, Vol. 20, No. 4	AAA
	Chapter 8: Painting, pp. 155-178	Language	Diego Rivera, Vol. 23, No. 5	Monet, "Water Lilies," AAII
	Chapter 3: Aesthetic Perception and Art	of Art, pp. 41-61	Gauguin, Vol. 20, No. 1	Picasso, "Girl before a Mirror," AAII
	Criticism, pp. 43-62		Winslow Homer, Vol. 23, No. 3	Rivera, "Agrarian Leader Zapata" AAII
HISTORICAL/	Chapter 4: Early Art in North America,	The Renaissance, pp. 92-95	Picasso, Vol. 21, No. 4	Rouault, "Profile of a Clown," AAII
CULTURAL	pp. 83-105; Painting, pp. 100-101	Modern Era (Impressionism),	Michaelangelo, Vol. 22, No. 1	Van Gogh, "Starry Night," AAII
	Chapter 6: 20th Century North American	pp. 96-101	Bosch, Vol. 23, No. 2	Vasarely, "Vega Nor," AAII
	Art, pp. 107-127; Painting 1900-1950,	Chapter 6: Art History of the 20th	Magritte, Vol. 22, No. 1	Hopper, "Night Hawks," AAII
	pp. 114-119	Century, pp. 105-125	Carrivaggio, Vol. 20, No. 1	Benton, "The Wreck of the Old '97," AAI
	Meet the Artist: Monet, pp. 158-159	Chapter 7: A Global View,		Cassatt, "Children Playing on Beach," AAI
		pp.127-147		Homer, "Bermuda Sloop," AAI
INTER-	A World View – Indian Art, pp. 70-71	See "Historical/Cultural" block	Carrivaggio, Vol. 20, No. 2	Peter Hurd, "Eve of St. John," AAI
DISCIPLINARY	Chapter 1: Careers in Art, pp. 13-19	above	Light and Shadow in Public Spaces	Kandinsky, "Improvisation 31 (Sea Battle)," AAI
	Early Art in North America, Colonial			Matisse, "Beasts of the Sea," AAI
	Period 1500-1700. pp. 90-93; Painting			Charles Burchfield, "An April Mood," text
	p. 96			Georgia O'Keeffe, "Sky Above Clouds IV," text
	See "Historical/Cultural" block above			Hasegawa Tohaku, "Pine Wood," text
CREATING &	Elements of Design, pp. 22-23	Still Life, p. 190	Picasso, Vol. 21, No. 4	
PRODUCING	Principles of Design, pp. 34-41	Fantasy, p. 193	Magritte, Vol. 22, No. 1	
	Visual Elements of Painting, p. 160	Painting in 3-D, pp. 195-196	Hopper, Vol. 22, No. 5	<u>Transparencies</u>
	Ways to Design Paintings, p. 161			Jacob Lawrence, "Cabnet Maker"
	Exercises, pp. 162-174			Jeff Long, "Flotsam and Jetsam"
ANALYSIS &	Chapter 3: Aesthetic Perception & Art	Art as Expression, p. 76	Michaelangelo, Vol. 22, No. 1	Edward Munch, "The Scream"
AESTHETICS	Criticism, pp. 43-61	Chapter: Seeing and Discussing	Creating a Masterpiece	
	Painting Gallery, pp. 156-157	Art, pp. 41-61	Bosch, Vol. 23, No. 2	

^{*} AAI = Art in Action I; AAII = Art in Action II; text = series accompanying textbooks; PAA = Pacific Asian Art Series; AAA = African-American Art Series

Appendix IV
Instructional Resources: Design in Nature

Middle School

	Art, Images & Ideas	World of Images	Art & Man Magazine	Reproductions*
GENERAL	Chapter 2: Design The Language of Art,	Chapter 1: Basic Art Concepts,	-	Hokusai, "Eagle in a Snowstorm," PAA
INFORMATION	pp. 21-41	pp. 5-23		Cummings, "Springtime in Memphis: At Night,
		Chapter 3: Design the Language		1979," AAA
		of Art, pp. 41-61		"Tlinglit Indian Blanket with Bear Design,"
		Chapter 4: Seeing and Discussing		AAI Hokusai, "The Great Wave," AAI
HISTORICAL/	Chapter 4: Art: A World View, pp. 63-81	Art, pp. 63-81 Chapter 5: Art History Before	African Art, Vol. 21, March 91	Winslow Homer, "Bermuda Sloop," AAI
CULTURAL	Chapter 5: Early Art in North America,	1900, pp. 83-103	Art of The Americans, Vol. 24,	Henri Homer, "Beasts of the Sea," AAI
COLTORAL	pp. 83-105	Chapter 6: Art History – The 20th	Nov. 93	Horace Pippin, "Holy Mountain III," AAI
	Chapter 6: North American Art 20th	Century, pp. 105-125	Native American Art, Vol. 21, Jan. 91	Henri Rousseau, "The Jungle," AAI
	Century, pp. 107-127	Chapter 7: A Global View,	M.C. Escher, Vol. 22, Jan. 92	Grant Wood, "Stone City, Iowa," AAI
	Timeline, p. 126	pp. 127-147		Georgia O'Keeffe, "Whit Trumpet Flower,"
INTER-	Careers in Art, pp. 5-20	See "Historical/Cultural" block		AAI
DISCIPLINARY	See "Historical/Cultural" block above	above		Pierre Renoir, "Monet Painting in His Garden
CREATING &	Chapter 5: Native North American Art,	Chapter 8: Drawing – da Vinci,	Mexican Art, Krida Kahlo, Vol. 21	at Argenteuil," AAI
PRODUCING	pp. 84-85	pp. 152-153, 164-165	Chinese Art Sculpturing Natural Forms,	Albert Durer, "Rhinoceros," AAI
	Chapter 7: Drawing Katuusuhika Hokusai,	Chapter 9: Painting, p. 176	Vol. 23, Feb. 93	Paul Gauguin, "Tahitian Landscape," AAI
	pp. 132-133, 140-141, 150-152	O'Keeffe, pp. 178-179, 184-189	Gauguin, Creating With Color, Vol. 20,	John James Audubon, "Gyrfalcon," AAII
	Chapter 6: Claude Monet, pp. 158-161,	Chapter 10: Printmaking Durer,	SeptOct., 89	Kawase Hasui, "Hinomisali in Moonlight in Izumo Province," AAII
	163, 166, 167	pp. 202-215	Henry Rousseau, Vol.23, SeptOct., 92	Claude Monet, "Water Lilies," AAII
	Chapter 9: Printing, pp. 188-189 Chapter 11: Tiffany, pp. 270-271	Crafts, Martinez, p. 269	Vincent Van Gogh, Vol. 21, SeptOct. 90	Charles Birchfield, "Childhood Garden," AAII
ANALYSIS &	Chapter 2: Design The Language of Art,	Chapter 4: Seeing and Discussing	SeptOct. 90	El Greco, "View of Toledo," AAII
AESTHETICS	pp. 21-41	Art, pp. 41-61		Frans Mark, "The Large Blue Horses," AAII
ALSTHETICS	Chapter 3: Aesthetic Perception and Art	Using What You Learned		Sir Peter Paul Rubins, "Lions," AAII
	Criticism, pp. 43-61	comg what rou zoumou		Vincent van Gogh, "The Starry Night Cave
	Using What You Learned			Paintings," AAII
				Franco-Flemish, "The Unicorn in Captivity,"
				AAII
				Alma Thomas, "Iris, Tulips, Jonquils, and
				Crocuses," text
				Hasegawa Tohku, "Pine Wood," text Charles Burchfield, "An April Mood," text
				Ma Yuan, "Bare Willows and Distant
				Mountains," text
				Georgia O'Keeffe, "Sky Above Clouds IV,"
				text
				Peter Paul Rubins, "Lion," text
				Charles Scheeler, "Feline Felicity," text

^{*} AAI = Art in Action I; AAII = Art in Action II; text = series accompanying textbooks; PAA = Pacific Asian Art Series; AAA = African-American Art Series

Appendix V
Instructional Resources: Art in the Environment

	Art, Images & Ideas	World of Images	Art & Man Magazine	Reproductions*
GENERAL	Chapter 1: The Creative Process and	Chapter 2: Environmental Design,	Creating With Light (special	"Enthroned Buddha" (Indian), PAA
INFORMATION	Careers in Art, pp. 5-20	pp. 26-39	photography edition), Vol. 21, Jan. 92	"Lei Niho Palaoa" (necklace, Polynesian,
	Chapter 2: Design The Language of Art,	Chapter 3: Design the Language of	Photography (featuring Imogen	Hawaii), PAA
	pp. 21-40	Art, pp. 41-61	Cunningham), Vol. 20, March 90	"Lohan and Attendant" (China), PAA
HISTORICAL/	Chapter 4: Art – A World View, pp. 63-81	Chapter 5: Art History Before 1900,	Native American Art, Vol. 21,	"Wedding Ensemble" (China), PAA
CULTURAL	Chapter 5: Early Art in North America,	pp. 83-105	DecJan.93	John Outterbridge, "Ethnic Heritage Series:
	pp. 83-105	Chapter 6: Art History – The 20th	African Art, Vol. 22, Nov. 91	California Crosswalk," AAA
	Chapter 6: North American Art – 20th	Century, pp. 105-125	Egyptian Art, Vol. 20, DecJan. 90	Marie Johnson-Calloway, "Hope Street:
	Century, pp. 107-127	Chapter 7: Art A Global View,	Michaelangelo, Vol. 2, SeptOct. 91	Church Mothers," AAA
	Timeline, p. 126	pp. 127-147	Edward Hopper, Vol. 22, March 92	David Hammons, "The Door," AAA
	Chapter 10: Graphic Design Bradbury	Meet the Artist: Michaelangelo	Diego Rivera, Polital Art, Vol. 23,	Moore, "Rocking Chair No. 2," AAI
	Thompson, p. 204	Buonarroti, p. 244	March 93	"Chinese Dragon Robe," AAI
			David Hockney, Vol. 20, AprMay 93	"Iroquois False Face Mask and African
INTER-	Chapter 1: The Creative Process and	Chapter 2: Environmental Design,		Bakuba Dance Mask," AAI
DISCIPLINARY	Careers in Art, pp. 5-20	pp. 26-39		"Tlingit Indian Chilkat Blanket with Bear
	Chapter 4: Art – A World View, pp. 63-81	Chapter 4: Seeing and Discussing		Design," AAI
	Chapter 5: Early Art in North America,	Art, pp. 63-81		George Caleb Bingham, "The Jolly Flat
	pp. 83-105	Chapter 5: Art History Before 1900,		Boatman," AAI
	Chapter 6: North American Art – 20th	pp. 83-103		Wayne Thiebaud, "Pie Counter," AAI
	Century, pp. 107-127	Chapter 6: Art History – The 20th		M.C. Escher, "Relativity," AAI
		Century, pp. 105-125		John Marin, "Circus Elephants," AAI
		Chapter 7: Art A Global View,		El Greco, "View of Toledo," AAI
CDT L TTT C A		pp. 127-147	777 11 11 01 75 11 01	René Margritte, "Time Transfixed," AAI
CREATING &	Chapter 5: Architecture, pp. 90-104	Chapter 2: Careers in Art, pp. 25-39	Working with Shapes, Miriam Shapiro,	Piere Renoit, "Monet Painting in His Garden
PRODUCING	Chapter 6: Architecture, 1990-1950;	Chapter 3: Drawing, pp. 52-53	Vol. 23, AprMay 93	at Argenteuil," AAI Diego Rivera, "Agrarian Leader Zappta." AAI
	1950 – Present, pp. 107-110	Environmental Art, p. 120	Collage, Salvador Dali, Surrealism,	Cristo, "Running Fence" (Grecian Textile Bag
	Design, pp. 112-113	Chapter 11: Graphic Design,	Vol. 22, Feb. 92	Collar and Bracelet), text
	Sculpture, pp. 120-123	pp.221-241	Rene Margritte, Vol. 24, SeptOct. 93	Marilyn Levine, "H.R.H. Briefcase," text
	Photography, pp. 124-125	Chapter 13: Crafts, pp. 265-289		Kenny Scharf, "Opulado TeeVeona," text
	Chapter 7: Drawing Space and			Leo Sewell, "Penguin," text
	Perspective, pp. 144-150			Silva, "King of the Dancers," text
	Chapter 11: Camera and Electronic Art,			Silva, King of the Dancers, text
ANALVOIC	pp. 221-241	Chantan A. Casina and Disami	C = "II = t = ni = 1/C = 1t = n= 12	
ANALYSIS &	Chapter 3: Aesthetic Perception and Art	Chapter 4: Seeing and Discussing	See "Historical/Cultural" block above	
AESTHETICS	Criticism, pp. 43-61	Art, pp. 63-81		
	Vocabulary and Terms, p. 40	Vocabulary and Terms, p. 60		

^{*} AAI = Art in Action I; AAII = Art in Action II; text = series accompanying textbooks; PAA = Pacific Asian Art Series; AAA = African-American Art Series

Appendix VI
Instructional Resources: Applied Arts

	Art, Images & Ideas	World of Images	Art & Man Magazine	Reproductions & Transparencies*
GENERAL	Chapter 13: Crafts, pp. 267-291	Chapter 13: Crafts, pp. 265-289		Pablo Picasso, AAI: 23, 39, 46
INFORMATION	Chapter 2: The Language of Art,	Chapter 2: The Language of Art,		African/Iroquois (masks), AAI: 34, 43
	pp. 21-40	pp. 41-61		Tlingit Blanket, AAI: 35, 39, 45
HISTORICAL/	Meet the Artist: Tiffany, pp. 270-271	Meet the Artist: Maria Martinez,	Egyptian Art, Vol. 20, No. 3	Henri Matisse (collage), AAI: 19, 39, 42, 44
CULTURAL	Native American, pp. 64-65	pp. 268-269	Native American Art, Vol. 21, No. 3	Juan Miro (collage), AAI: 20, 39, 47
	African Art, pp. 66-67	Native American, pp. 128-131	African Art, Vol. 22, No. 2	Chinese Dragon Robe, AAI: 33, 38, 45
	Oceanic Art, pp. 68-69	African Art, pp. 132-133	Maria Martinez, Vol. 22, No. 6	Romare Beardon, AAII: 7, 39, 42, 44
	Indian Art, pp. 70-71	Oceanic Art, pp. 134-135	Chinese Art, Vol. 23, No. 4	Marc Chagall (stained glass), AAII: 9, 38, 42, 48
	Southeast Asian, pp. 72-73	Indian Art, pp. 136-137	Art of the Americas, Vol. 24, No. 2	Egyptian/Eskimo (masks), AAII: 34, 41
	Chinese, pp. 74-75	Southeast Asian, pp. 138-139	Miriam Schapiro, Vol. 23, No. 6	Flemish Tapestry, AAII: 35, 41, 42, 45
	Japanese, pp. 76-77	Chinese, pp. 140-141 Japanese, pp. 142-143	Magdalena Abakanowitz (felt work), Vol. 23, No. 4	Victor Vasarely, AAII: 32, 39, 48 African Dance Mask, text
	Korean, p. 78 Islamic, p.79	Korean, p. 144	Jacob Lawrence, Vol. 20, No. 6	African Make Mask, text
	Chapter 5: Early Art in North America,	Islamic, p. 145	Jacob Lawlence, Vol. 20, No. 0	Grecian Bag (textiles), text
	pp. 82-89	Heritage-Based Art, p. 146		Herbst, Collar & Bracelet (metals), text
	pp. 02 09	Chapter 5: Art Before 1900,		Pomo Indian, (feather basket), text
		pp. 82-103		Faith Ringgold, (African-American dolls), text
INTER-	Chapter 1: Careers in Art, pp. 9-19	Chapter 2: Careers in Art, pp. 25-39	See "Historical/Cultural" block above	Sage, "Triune Helix VI" (textiles), text
DISCIPLINARY	See "Historical/Cultural" block above	See "Historical/Cultural" block		Sauer, "Implications" (textiles), text
		above		Sewell, "Penguin" (assemblage), text
CREATING &	Finding Ideas & Design, p. 272	Finding Ideas & Design, p. 270	Egyptian Jewelry, Vol. 20, No. 3	
PRODUCING	Fiber Arts, p. 278	Fiber Arts, p. 280	Creating Masks, Vol. 21, No. 2;	
	Jewelry, p. 284	Jewelry, p. 278	Vol. 24, No. 2	<u>Transparencies</u>
	Mosaics, p. 286	Mosaics, p. 274	World of Shapes, Vol. 23. No. 5	African Beaded Mask, pp. 2-3
	Student Gallery, p. 289	Student Gallery, p. 287	Creating Patterns (beadwork),	Federighi, "Landscape Chair," pp. 6-7
	Papermaking, p. 288	Mask Making, p. 276	Vol. 21, No. 3	Kente Cloth, pp. 18-19 Jacob Lawrence, "Cabinet Maker" (collage),
	Chapter 2: The Language of Art,	Chapter 3: The Language of Art,	Creating Fantasies (Bosch),	pp. 20-21
	pp. 21-40	pp. 41-61	Vol. 23, No. 2 From Still Life to Jungle – Rousseau,	Mochica Vessel – Peru 500-800 A.D.
			Vol. 23, No. 1	(pre-Columbian), pp. 26-27
			Visualizing Fantasy (Dali),	Harriet Powers, "Story Quilt" (African-American),
			Vol. 22, No. 4	pp. 36-37
			Creating Double Images (VaSarely),	
			"Quilts that Move," Vol. 22, No. 3	
ANALYSIS &	Used What You Learned, p. 291	Used What You Learned, p. 289	See "Historical/Cultural" block above	
AESTHETICS	Chapter 3: Aesthetic Perception & Art	Chapter 4: Seeing & Discussing Art,		
	Criticism, pp. 43-61	pp. 63-81		

^{*} AAI = Art in Action I; AAII = Art in Action II; text = series accompanying textbooks; PAA = Pacific Asian Art Series; AAA = African-American Art Series

Appendix VII
Instructional Resources: Ceramics & Sculpture

	Art, Images & Ideas	World of Images	Art & Man Magazine	Reproductions & Transparencies*
GENERAL	Chapter 12: Sculpture, pp. 242-265	Chapter 12: Sculpture, pp. 240-263		<u>Reproductions</u>
INFORMATION	Chapter 13: Crafts: Ceramics,	Chapter 13: Crafts: Ceramics,		Henry Moore, AAI: 21, 38, 42, 47
	pp. 273-278	pp. 271-274		African/Iroquois (masks), AAI: 34, 43
	Chapter 2: Language & Art, pp. 21-40	Chapter 2: The Language of Art,		Egyptian/Eskimo (masks), AAII: 34, 41
		pp. 41-61		African Dance Mask, text
HISTORICAL/	Meet the Artist: Nevelson, pp. 246-247	Meet the Artist: Michaelangelo,	Egyptian Art, Vol. 20, No. 3	African Make Mask, text
CULTURAL	20th Century, pp. 120-123	pp. 244-245	Auguste Rodin, Vol. 21, No. 2	Christo, "Running Fence," text
	Native American, pp. 64-65	Meet the Artist: Maria Martinez,	Native American Art, Vol. 21, No. 3	Escobedo, "Steel I," text
	African Art, pp. 66-67	pp. 246-247	African Art, Vol. 22, No. 2	Levine, "Briefcase," text
	Oceanic Art, pp. 68-69	20th Century, pp. 105-125	Maria Martinez, Vol. 22, No. 6	Sauer, "Implications," text
	Indian Art, pp. 70-71	Native American, pp. 128-131	Chinese Art, Vol. 23, No. 4	Scharf, "Opulado Teeveona," text
	Southeast Asian, pp. 72-73	African Art, pp. 132-133	Art of the Americas, Vol. 24, No. 2	Sewell, "Penguin," text
	Chinese, pp. 74-75	Oceanic Art, pp. 134-135		
	Japanese, pp. 76-77	Indian Art, pp. 136-137		
	Korean, p. 78	Southeast Asian, pp. 138-139		<u>Transparencies</u>
	Chapter 5: Early Art in North America,	Chinese, pp. 140-141		Siva, Indian, 10th Century, text
	pp. 83-105	Japanese, pp. 142-143		Catlett (African American), pp. 4-5
		Korean, p. 144		Nancy Graves, pp. 8-9
		Chapter 5: Art Before 1900,		Barbara Hepworth, pp. 10-11
		pp. 83-103		Mochica (Pre-Columbian), pp. 26-27
INTER-	Chapter 1: Careers in Art, pp. 9-19	Chapter 2: Careers in Art,	See "Historical/Cultural" block above	Philippines Art, pp. 14-15
DISCIPLINARY	See "Historical/Cultural" block above	pp. 25-39		African, pp. 30-31
		See "Historical/Cultural" block		Japanese Ewer with Dragons (porcelain), pp. 16-17
		above		
CREATING &	Chapter 12: Sculpture (media-processes),	Chapter 12: Sculpture (media-	Egyptian Jewelry, Vol. 21, No. 3	
PRODUCING	pp. 248-263	processes), pp. 248-263	Creating Hands of Clay, Vol. 21, No.2	
	Ceramics (media-processes),	Ceramics (media-processes),	Creating Masks, Vol. 22, No. 2;	
	pp. 270-274	pp. 270-274	Vol. 24, No. 2	
	Chapter 2: The Language of Art,	Chapter 3: The Language of Art,	Working in Clay, Vol. 22, No. 6	
AND A TAXOTO O	pp. 21-40	pp. 41-61	Sculpting in Plaster, Vol. 23, No. 4	
ANALYSIS &	Using What You Learned (Sculpture),	Using What You Learned	See "Historical/Cultural" block above	
AESTHETICS	p. 265	(Sculpture), p. 263		
	Using What You Learned (Ceramics),	Using What You Learned		
	p. 291	(Ceramics), p. 289		
	Chapter 3: Aesthetic Perception & Art	Chapter 4: Seeing & Discussing		
	Criticism, pp. 43-61	Art, pp. 63-81		

^{*} AAI = Art in Action I; AAII = Art in Action II; text = series accompanying textbooks; PAA = Pacific Asian Art Series; AAA = African-American Art Series

	Appendix VIII ample Unit Evaluation  Middle Sc	chool
Na	fame Class Date	
yo se wi	ORTFOLIO SELF EVALUATION  deneral directions: You will be organizing your portfolio and evaluating your own art work. This will require critical thinking. Carefully empty our portfolio and place all work in a neat pile to the side of your portfolio. Not all of the works will be placed back in the portfolio, only what select based on the questions below. Remaining work may be taken home or recycled. The work you select and your answers to the questions be used to determine your understanding of the techniques and concepts. Please use complete sentences and clear explanations.  Gather all of your gesture drawings. Select three drawings which best capture the action of the model. In the space below, write your reason selecting these particular works.	you pelow
2.	Next, gather the works which began as gesture drawings in light marker and then were developed in contour with black marker. Select your successful to place in the portfolio. Is there a difference in the type of line created with the light marker and the type of line you drew with the black marker? Clearly explain your answer.	
3.	Next, organize all your contour drawings from most successful to least successful. With light pencil and small numbers, number your works the lower right hand corner with (1) being the most successful and the highest number being the least successful. Did you draw what you say a "symbol" of the object or a tracing of the object? Explain.	
	Which drawing(s) show(s) that you concentrated and drew the changes along the inner and outer edges rather than drawing a symbol for the object?	
4.	Identify the following in your transformation assignment:	

If you were to do this assignment again, what would you do to improve your drawing technically and express your idea more clearly?

Message, theme, or idea:

Form:

Subject:

Appendix IX Sample Pre – Evaluation Form Middle School

Name	Group members	Date
	-	

### The "You'd Be Surprised How Much You Already Know" Art Test

The most important part of this test in not the answer, but the reason you choose that particular art work as your answer.

Except for the first question, there are several different responses that would be "right" if you can back your answer with a clear observational reason. (That means that you can point to something that we all can see and tell why you think it answers the question.)

Talk your answers over with your group and pick answers everyone can live with. If there is an absolute difference of opinion, give both answers and the reasons.

- 1. Looking at the display board, write down the numbers of the prints from most ancient to most modern and why you think so on a separate answer sheet. This first question will have 12 print numbers and 12 reasons.
- 2. Which print has the most intense or dramatic use of color? Why?
- 3. Which print has the most intense or dramatic use of line? Why?
- 4. Which print shows the most motion or action movement? Why?
- 5. Which print seems the most boring or quiet? Why?
- 6. Which print has the most repetition? Why?
- 7. Which print seems to be the most complex? Why?
- 8. Excluding number 1, which print is the most realistically rendered? Why?
- 9. Which print has the most depth? Write down exactly what tricks the artist used to create this illusion. I can think of seven.
- 10. Which print has the most dramatic use of negative space? Why?
- 11. List the numbers of all the landscapes. Why?
- 12. List the numbers of all the formal portraits. Why?
- 13. List the numbers of all the still lifes. Why?
- 14. Find one print where everyone looks at the same place when you first look at this print. List all the tricks the artist used to make you look there first. I can think of seven. You may be able to think of more!